EUROPEAN COMMISSION

DIRECTORATE GENERAL
ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL AFFAIRS
Macroeconomy of the euro area and the EU
Public finances in the euro area and the EU

SCPs and Budgetary Procedures: Update of Questionnaire

(15 December 2009)

Introduction and background

The Council decided, in the context of the 2005 SGP reform, to strengthen the preventive arm of the SGP. It defined a number of principles for the preparation and assessment of Stability and Convergence Programmes and emphasised that further progress was needed to improve the governance of the EU fiscal framework. In particular, the Council invited Member States to present their Stability and Convergence Programmes (SCPs) and the Council opinions thereon to their national Parliaments, and to show continuity with respect to the budgetary targets endorsed by the Council on the basis of the previous update of the stability/convergence programme.

Ministers agreed at the Eurogroup meeting of 8 September 2006 that the Commission should examine how to improve budgetary governance and the functioning of the preventive arm of the SGP. Discussions on the basis of Commission notes in the EFC-A, EFC, EPC and EWG confirmed that there was a lack of common knowledge on the calendars / main steps followed in the preparation of national budgets and of SCPs in the Member States.

The questionnaire on **SCPs and budgetary procedures** sent out late 2006 intended to fill this gap, by taking stock of the current practice in the Member States concerning the preparation and monitoring of the implementation of SCPs and their connection to national budgets or existing national medium-term budgetary frameworks. The questionnaire also included a number of questions concerning the practice (frequency, motivations) of corrective budget bills in the Member States. The results of this survey were analysed by the Commission services and presented in the 2007 edition of the Public Finance Report.

Following up the conclusions from the October 2007 ECOFIN Council and the mandate given by the EPC in its February 2008 meeting, the 2006-survey was updated in 2008 with information on changes to existing practice over the period 2005-2008.

Subsequently, at the April 2009 ECOFIN meeting, the Council invited Member States to annually update the Commission's questionnaire on changes in their budgetary procedures, and the Commission was asked to report back regularly on the outcome. In order to accomplish these Council's requests, Member States are kindly requested to provide

information concerning (i) changes to existing budgetary procedures and/or (ii) new budgetary procedures introduced since 2008.

Information provided by the 2006 and 2008 surveys allowed Commission services to build up a detailed database on budgetary procedures in force in the EU. Following the EPC agreement on the public availability of this information, DG ECFIN has published this database in its external website at the address:

http://ec.europa.eu/economy_finance/db_indicators/fiscal_governance15171_en.htm

The annual updating of these surveys will allow to bringing up to date this catalogue of budgetary procedures. In turn, this regular updating is planned to be effective in the context of the stability and convergence programmes' annual submission, which this year will take place in January 2010.

Attached to this explanatory note, you will find an updated questionnaire on SCPs and budgetary procedures, which has hardly been changed compared to the questionnaire sent out in 2006 and 2008.

Some guidelines to fill in the questionnaire

The following may be useful to complete the questionnaire:

- Each Member State should fill out *one questionnaire*, reflecting *current (2009) practice*, specifying clearly wherever practice has changed since the last questionnaire. If a practice has not changed, a "no change" reply will do. However, please notice that **a new question has been added** (question no. 5.7). Please answer this question irrespectively of whether other changes in practice have been made or not.
- The questions in the survey are grouped in six sections covering different relevant aspects on the preparation, monitoring, and follow up to SCPs. The questionnaire starts by asking some basic information on the annual budgetary process. For most of the questions, a box is available to make specific comments. Member States are invited to use these boxes to provide any specification they would consider necessary.
- Before answering, a complete reading of the whole questionnaire and the answers from the last survey appears advisable in order to know which questions that needs to be updated.
- Finally, Member States are invited to use the possibility to give open comments in the box at the end of the questionnaire. This box can be used for general comments on the approach followed by the questionnaire, but also for comments on individual questions in addition to the pre-defined options.

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¹ Two other questionnaires will be submitted to Member States concerning (i) changes in their national fiscal institutions since 2008 and (ii) changes in their numerical fiscal rules.

Timetable

Please fill out the questionnaire electronically, and send your replies as soon as possible. Replies are expected before **15th February 2010.** If you have any doubt, please do not hesitate to contact us:

Mail to: Ecfin-fiscalframework@ec.europa.eu and

Geir-mo.johansen@ec.europa.eu (Tel.: +32-2-295.64.91)

I. Budgetary procedures and medium-term budgetary frameworks

	uld you please provide information on <u>when</u> the crucial decisions are taken in the ration of the budget?
a. I	Beginning of the budget preparation (date and brief description of this first step):
b. F	Preparation (and release) of the macroeconomic assumptions of the Budget:
b. I	Preparation (and release) of the macroeconomic assumptions of the Budget:
c. me gov	Preparation (and release) of the macroeconomic assumptions of the Budget: If relevant, important intermediate steps in the budget preparation (other than those notioned in this list; e.g. decision on an expenditure ceiling, coordination with other levels of the vernment). Please indicate when these steps take place and if they are marked by a public nouncement):
c. me gov	If relevant, important intermediate steps in the budget preparation (other than thos ntioned in this list; e.g. decision on an expenditure ceiling, coordination with other levels overnment). Please indicate when these steps take place and if they are marked by a public
c. me gov anr	If relevant, important intermediate steps in the budget preparation (other than thos ntioned in this list; e.g. decision on an expenditure ceiling, coordination with other levels overnment). Please indicate when these steps take place and if they are marked by a public
c. me gov anr	If relevant, important intermediate steps in the budget preparation (other than thos ntioned in this list; e.g. decision on an expenditure ceiling, coordination with other levels overnment). Please indicate when these steps take place and if they are marked by a publinouncement):

α.	Late (or deadline) for when the accounts audited by the Supreme Audit Institute
	plicly available:
h. (Other:
other	es the Budget Law include fiscal targets only for the central government or a government tiers (i.e. regional and local governments and social security) and hole of the general government sector?
	The Budget Law includes fiscal targets for the central government
go	The Budget Law includes fiscal targets for the general government and a vernment tiers
	Other (please specify)
xpla ub-c	the Budget Law includes fiscal targets for various layers of government, in whether there is any co-ordination/consultation mechanism between central governments to set these objectives. If such a mechanism exists, describe how it works:
erm	
erm	ease specify if, apart from the SCP, there is in your country a consistent moudgetary framework setting targets or ceilings for various budgetary compane, expenditure, budget balance, debt)?
term (rever	budgetary framework setting targets or ceilings for various budgetary comp nue, expenditure, budget balance, debt)?
term (rever	budgetary framework setting targets or ceilings for various budgetary comp nue, expenditure, budget balance, debt)? No Such a national framework exists. Could you please briefly describe how it work

5.1. When are the medium-term budgetary targets set and revised?	
☐ Every year	
☐ Every 2 years	
☐ At the end of the period covered by the previous medium-term projection	ns
☐ After each election	
☐ Every time a new Government is formed	
Other (please specify)	
Additional information:	
5.2. General government tiers covered by the framework:	
☐ The whole of the general government sector	
☐ Central government (The State and other central government entities)	
☐ Regional governments	
☐ Local governments	
☐ Social security	
Additional information:	
5.3. If the medium-term budgetary framework includes fiscal targets for levels of government, please explain whether there is a ordination/consultation mechanism between the different governme concerned in order to set these objectives:	ny co-
5.4. What are the budgetary aggregates targeted?	
☐ Budget balance	
☐ Debt	
☐ Expenditure	
Revenue	
☐ Other (please specify)	
Additional information:	

5.5. How are the budgetary aggregates defined?
☐ Ceiling or level
☐ % of GDP
☐ Growth rates
☐ Other (please specify)
Additional information:
□ Nominal
☐ Real
Additional information:
/ dalitorial information:
☐ ESA95
☐ Cash or budgetary
Additional information:
5.6. What is the time period covered by the medium-term budgetary framework?
☐ 2 years (t+1, t+2)
☐ 3 years (t+1, t+2, t+3)
☐ 4 years (t+1, t+2, t+3, t+4)
☐ 5 years (t+1, t+2, t+3, t+4, t+5)
☐ Other (please specify)
5.7 Could you please provide information on the level of aggregation of the projections used in the medium term budgetary framework (more than on answer is possible)?
Do you break down the expenditure projections?
□ No
☐ Yes, the projections are broken down on National account level (i.e. on public investment, public consumption etc.)
$\hfill \square$ Yes, the projections are broken down on main spending areas (i.e. on health, education, social spending etc.)
☐ Other (please specify)

possi	ou break down the revenue projections (more than one answer
D No	,
<u> </u>	es, the projections are broken down on direct - and indirect taxes
_ □ Ye	es, the projections are broken down on different taxes (i.e. on VAT, income proporate tax etc.)
□ o	ther (please specify)
(monitor	v is the respect of the medium-term budgetary objectives monitore ing body, frequency of reporting)?
	o formal monitoring
F0	rmal monitoring that takes place through:
L	Government reports to parliament
L	☐ Independent monitoring/fiscal institute
	Other (please specify)
	Id you please specify the corrective mechanisms in place and describe nappening if there is a deviation from the medium-term targets?
	pre-defined corrective mechanisms
	pre-defined corrective mechanisms
□No	pre-defined corrective mechanisms prective mechanisms in place
5.10. Wh	

☐ Other (please specify)
5.11. How is the preparation of the Budget connected with this framework' Notably, how are the multi-annual targets taken into account in the preparation of the Budget?
☐ The multi-annual targets are the framework for the budget
☐ The multi-annual targets form the basis upon which the budget is prepared buthere can be deviations
A flexible framework where multi-annual target are only indicative

II. Preparation and Status of SCPs

	on <u>when</u> the preparation of the programme <u>starts</u> and <u>ends</u> :
iou pai lud	here is a national medium-term budgetary framework setting targets or ceilings is general government components (revenue, expenditure, deficit, debt), how is ration of the SCP connected with this framework? Notably, are budgetary targed in the SCP always identical to those included in the national medium-towork?
	Targets are the same
	Largets are usually the same, but may differ sometimes
	Targets usually differ
ordi	
ordi pai	nation/consultation mechanism in order to involve sub-national governments in
ordi pai	nation/consultation mechanism in order to involve sub-national governments in ration of the SCP?
ordi epai	nation/consultation mechanism in order to involve sub-national governments in ration of the SCP?
ordi epai	nation/consultation mechanism in order to involve sub-national governments in ration of the SCP? Coordination mechanism between all levels of general government
epai	Coordination mechanism between all levels of general government

9. Please provide information on the degree of involvement of the National Parliament in the preparation of the stability \prime convergence programme:
☐ The SCP is not sent to Parliament before its publication.
☐ The SCP is sent to Parliament before its publication, but there is no formal presentation, and no discussion.
☐ The SCP is sent and presented to Parliament by a Member of the government. There is a discussion, but not followed by a vote on the SCP.
$\hfill \square$ The SCP is formally sent, discussed and approved by Parliament, which has the possibility to amend it.
☐ The SCP is not formally sent or subject to the approval by Parliament, but is derived from a document including the main medium-term macroeconomic and budgetary projections that was previously approved by Parliament. Please describe the situation, and at what time in the year this document is adopted:
10. Does an independent fiscal institution ('Fiscal Council') intervene in one way or another in the preparation of the SCP?
□ No
Yes, the fiscal institution:
☐ Prepares macro forecasts
☐ Prepares fiscal forecasts
Other (please specify)
Please provide the name of the fiscal institution involved in the preparation of the SCP:
11. How would you qualify the reaction of the press and the media when the SCP is publicly released? Specifically, please compare the media coverage to when the budget is presented: Important media coverage
Some media coverage
☐ Low media coverage

III. Follow-up to the Council discussion on the SCP

12. Please specify whether the Cou	uncil Opinion on the SCP is:
☐ Formally discussed within the	government (e.g. in the Council of Ministers)
☐ Is not discussed within the gov	rernment
13. The Council Opinion on the SC	P is:
☐ Not formally presented to Parli	ament
☐ The Council Opinion is presen done by:	ted to Parliament, but there is no discussion. Presentation is
☐ Prime Minister	
☐ Finance Minister	
Other (please specify)	
	lly presented to Parliament. Moreover, there is a discussion Minister, followed by questions and answers).
Other (please specify)	

14. How would you qualify the follow-up given to the Council Opinion, especially if it includes policy invitations:
☐ Concrete actions are generally immediately taken if there are policy invitations in the Council Opinion. Please provide examples:
Generally, there is no immediate concrete action. If this is the case, please specify the reasons for the absence of action following the invitation by the Council (e.g. impossibility of introducing corrective budgetary measures outside the 'normal' budgetary calendar)
☐ There is no immediate action, but the Council opinion is taken into account in the preparation of the budget for the following year
Other (please specify)
15. How would you qualify the reaction of the press and the media in your country when the Council issues its Opinion on the Programme? Specifically, please compare the media coverage to when the budget is presented:
☐ Important media coverage
☐ Some media coverage
☐ Low media coverage

IV. Monitoring of the implementation of the SCP

16. Apart from the information contained in the update of the SCP, does the government carry out any regular public assessment of the implementation of the previous updates of the SCP?
☐ Yes. Please specify:
No, the implementation of the previous updates is only discussed in the SCP
17. Is the implementation of the previous update of the SCP discussed in Parliament?
☐ Yes, in a formal session for this purpose
☐ Indirectly through other sessions
□ No
18. Does an independent fiscal institution ('Fiscal Council') participate to the monitoring of the implementation of the SCPs?
□ No
☐ Informally/indirectly (please specify)
☐ Yes. Please describe the institution involved and its role:

V. Connectedness Budget / SCP

19. Could you please briefly describe how the preparations of the annual budget and of the SCP are articulated?
20. Please indicate whether the SCP and the Budget are prepared by the same department of the Ministry of Finance
☐ Same department
☐ Different departments, please specify:
21. Please indicate whether the accounting and reporting rules used in the SCP and in the
Budget are the same
Yes, they are the same
Different rules apply, please specify:
22. Is the SCP (or a document including the main medium-term macroeconomic and budgetary projections that will be the basis for the preparation of the SCP) annexed to the Budget?
☐ No, the SCP (or a preliminary version that includes the main figures) is not annexed to the Budget.
☐ Yes, the SCP (or a preliminary version that includes the main figures) is annexed to the Budget. Please specify when this annex is prepared and made public.
23. Are the budget targets for years t and t+1 always identical in the budget and in the SCP?
☐ Yes
☐ No, they are different because of:
☐ Different times of adoption
☐ Different accounting rules
☐ Other reasons (please specify)

VI. Supplementary and corrective budgets

Note:

Corrective or supplementary budgets are understood to include all legal instruments that allow the government to change its initial fiscal plans during the course of the budgetary year (e.g. changes in the budget balance target or in the expenditure and revenue aggregates considered in the approved Budget Law). Laws or measures aimed at correcting possible slippages from initial plans can also be considered as supplementary budgets. Other laws having purposes different from those mentioned above are not covered (e.g. labour market reforms, health care reforms), even if they have budgetary implications. End-year 'cleaning' budget laws are not covered, unless they have a significant impact on fiscal variables.

24. Could you please specify the frequency of corrective budgets in your country (excluding the end-year cleaning budgets)?
☐ Very rare
☐ Relatively rare (1 every 4-5 years)
☐ Frequent (1 every 2-3 years)
☐ Very frequent (almost every year)
Every year (there is a mid-term revision of the budget), please describe how this works:
25. If the corrective budgets are rare, could you please specify the main reasons for that? Notably, are there legal or other sorts of obstacles to the implementation of such budgets?
26. What are in general the motivations for implementing corrective Budgets?
☐ New government in office
☐ Correction of identified slippages
☐ Change in economic forecasts
Other (please specify)
27. Are the macro and budgetory forecasts included in the budget revised at some point in
27. Are the macro and budgetary forecasts included in the budget revised at some point in the year? If yes, could you please provide details on the information included in the revised forecasts and the moment in the year when they are made public?

28. Is there a link between such revisions and the implementation of supplementary a corrective budgets?
\square Yes, in case of major deviation identified, a supplementary budget is required to achieve the targets of the budget
\square The identification of risks to budgetary execution can trigger the preparation of a corrective budget (no obligation)
Other (please specify)
29. Are there special rules / limitations for the preparation of supplementary / corrective budgets (e.g. as regards Parliament approval)?

End of questionnaire

Thank you very much for your time and expertise

Contact	t person for t	<u>he questio</u>	<u>nnaire:</u>					
numbei	ne view to fa r and email stration?	of the p	ture conta person in	acts, could charge o	you pleas f fulfilling	e indicate this que	e the name stionnaire	e, phone in your
f you h	nave any con	nments co	ncerning	the questic	onnaire, an	y addition	al remarks	s, please
f you h mention	nave any cor n them in the	nments co box below	encerning 7:	the questi	onnaire, an	y addition	al remarks	s, please
f you h	nave any cor n them in the	nments co box below	oncerning r:	the question	onnaire, an	y addition	al remarks	s, please
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