EUROPEAN COMMISSION

DIRECTORATE GENERAL
ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL AFFAIRS
Macroeconomy of the euro area and the EU
Public finances in the euro area and the EU

SCPs and Budgetary Procedures: Update of Questionnaire

(30 April 2008)

Introduction and background

The Council decided, in the context of the 2005 SGP reform, to strengthen the preventive arm of the SGP. It defined a number of principles for the preparation and assessment of Stability and Convergence Programmes and emphasised that further progress was needed to improve the governance of the EU fiscal framework. In particular, the Council invited Member States to present their Stability and Convergence Programmes (SCPs) and the Council opinions thereon to their national Parliaments, and to show continuity with respect to the budgetary targets endorsed by the Council on the basis of the previous update of the stability/convergence programme.

Ministers agreed at the Eurogroup meeting of 8 September 2006 that the Commission should examine how to improve budgetary governance and the functioning of the preventive arm of the SGP. Discussions on the basis of Commission notes in the EFC-A, EFC and EWG confirmed that there was a lack of common knowledge on the calendars / main steps followed in the preparation of national budgets and of SCPs in the Member States.

The questionnaire on **SCPs and budgetary procedures** sent out late 2006 intended to fill this gap, by taking stock of the current practice in the Member States concerning the preparation and monitoring of the implementation of SCPs and their connection to national budgets or existing national medium-term budgetary frameworks. The questionnaire also included a number of questions concerning the practice (frequency, motivations) of corrective budget bills in the Member States. The results of this survey have been analysed by the Commission services and presented in the 2007 edition of the Public Finance Report.

The information gathered through the questionnaire also serves as a valuable input in the ongoing work by the Commission on the quality of public finances, where fiscal governance is one of several dimensions of the conceptual framework on QPF. Following up the conclusions from the October 2007 ECOFIN Council and the mandate given by the EPC in

its February 2008 meeting, with the present questionnaire Member States are asked to provide information concerning changes to existing practice since the last survey.¹

Attached to this explanatory note, you will find an updated questionnaire on SCPs and budgetary procedures. In addition, and as a reference, the e-mail contains the information provided by your authorities in the 2006 survey.

Some guidelines to fill in the questionnaire

The following may be useful to complete the questionnaire:

- Each Member State should fill out *one questionnaire*, reflecting *current (2008) practice*, specifying clearly wherever practice has changed since the last questionnaire. If a practice has not changed, a "no change" reply will do. However, please take notice that several questions² have been revised slightly by introducing a multiple-choice format with the objective to make responses more easily comparable. Please answer all those questions irrespectively of whether changes in practice have been made or not.
- The survey is made up of 29 questions, which are grouped in six sections covering different relevant aspects on the preparation, monitoring, and follow up to SCPs. The questionnaire starts by asking some basic information on the annual budgetary process. For most of the questions, a box is available to make specific comments. Member States are invited to use these boxes to provide any specification they would consider necessary.
- Before answering, a complete reading of the whole questionnaire and the answers from the last survey appears advisable in order to know which questions that needs to be updated.
- Finally, Member States are invited to use the possibility to give open comments in the box at the end of the questionnaire. This box can be used for general comments on the approach followed by the questionnaire, but also for comments on individual questions in addition to the pre-defined options.

Timetable

Please fill out the questionnaire electronically, and send your replies as soon as possible. Replies are expected before 1^{st} of July 2008. If you have any doubt, please do not hesitate to contact us:

Mail to: <u>Ecfin-fiscalframework@ec.europa.eu</u> and Stig.Malmedal@ec.europa.eu

(Tel.: +32-2-295.94.95)

¹ Two other questionnaires will be submitted to Member States concerning (i) changes in the national fiscal rules and (ii) changes in their national fiscal institutions since 2005 (i.e. existence and status of independent fiscal agencies, forecasting bodies or similar institutions)

² These questions include 2g, 5.1, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6, 5.7, 5.8, 5.10, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 15, 17, 18, 23 and 26.

Member State:	

I. Budgetary procedures and medium-term budgetary frameworks

prepara	tion of the annual Budget in your country?
. Coul	d you please provide information on when the crucial decisions are taken in t
repara	tion of the budget?
a. Be	eginning of the budget preparation (date and brief description of this first step):
b. Pr	eparation (and release) of the macroeconomic assumptions of the Budget:
c If	relevant, important intermediate steps in the budget preparation (other than the
ment gove	ioned in this list; e.g. decision on an expenditure ceiling, coordination with other levels rnment). Please indicate when these steps take place and if they are marked by a puluncement):
	· ·
d. Di:	scussion of the draft budget by Government:
e. Da	ate (or deadline) of submission of the draft budget to Parliament:

f. Da	ate (or deadline) for the adoption of the budget by Parliament:
	Date (or deadline) for when the accounts audited by the Supreme Audit Institution are licly available:
h. O	other:
other g	es the Budget Law include fiscal targets only for the central government or also for government tiers (i.e. regional and local governments and social security) and/or whole of the general government sector?
	The Budget Law includes fiscal targets for the central government
	The Budget Law includes fiscal targets for the general government and all other ernment tiers
	Other (please specify)
explain sub-ce	ne Budget Law includes fiscal targets for various layers of government, please whether there is any co-ordination/consultation mechanism between central and ntral governments to set these objectives. If such a mechanism exists, please describe how it works:
term b	ase specify if, apart from the SCP, there is in your country a consistent medium- udgetary framework setting targets or ceilings for various budgetary components ue, expenditure, budget balance, debt)?
	No
	Such a national framework exists. Could you please briefly describe how it works in the below, and answer to questions 5.1 to 5.10?

5.1. When are the medium-term budgetary targets set and re	vised?
☐ Every year	
Every 2 years	
At the end of the period covered by the previous medium-t	erm projections
☐ After each election	
Every time a new Government is formed	
Other (please specify)	
Additional information:	
5.2. General government tiers covered by the framework:	
The whole of the general government sector	
Central government (The State and other central government)	ent entities)
Regional governments	
☐ Local governments	
☐ Social security	
Additional information:	
5.3. If the medium-term budgetary framework includes fiscal levels of government, please explain whether the ordination/consultation mechanism between the different concerned in order to set these objectives:	ere is any co-
5.4. What are the budgetary aggregates targeted?	
☐ Budget balance	
☐ Debt	
☐ Expenditure	
Revenue	
Other (please specify)	
Additional information:	

5.5. How are the budgetary aggregates defined?	
☐ Ceiling or level	
☐ % of GDP	
☐ Growth rates	
Other (please specify)	
Additional information:	
☐ Nominal	
Real	
Additional information:	
☐ ESA95	
☐ Cash or budgetary	
Additional information:	
5.6. What is the time period covered by the medium-term bud framework?	getary
2 years (t+1, t+2)	
☐ 3 years (t+1, t+2, t+3)	
4 years (t+1, t+2, t+3, t+4)	
5 years (t+1, t+2, t+3, t+4, t+5)	
Other (please specify)	
5.7. How is the respect of the medium-term budgetary objectives mor (monitoring body, frequency of reporting)?	nitored
☐ No formal monitoring	
Formal monitoring that takes place through:	
Government reports to parliament	
☐ Independent monitoring/fiscal institute	

Other (please specify)
5.8. Could you please specify the corrective mechanisms in place and describe what is happening if there is a deviation from the medium-term targets?
☐ No pre-defined corrective mechanisms
Corrective mechanisms in place
5.9. When is the revision of medium-term targets taking place?
☐ Targets can only be changed at the end of the period covered by the medium-term planning
☐ The medium-term targets can be revised before the end of the medium-term planning (e.g. every year in the context of the preparation of the new medium-term planning). Could you please specify the procedure followed and whether targets are generally changed?
Other. Please specify:
5.10. How is the preparation of the Budget connected with this framework? Notably, how are the multi-annual targets taken into account in the preparation of the Budget?
☐ The multi-annual targets are the framework for the budget
☐ The multi-annual targets form the basis upon which the budget is prepared but there can be deviations
A flexible framework where multi-annual target are only indicative

II. Preparation and Status of SCPs

s generation ed in	a national mederal government of the SCP cor the SCP alway	t components nnected with	(revenue, e this framew	xpenditure, o ork? Notably	deficit, debt), h ,, are budgetar
work? Target	s are the same				
Target	s are usually the	same, but may	differ somet	imes	
argei	s usually differ				
	fiscal targets				
	/consultation mof the SCP?	echanism in o	order to invo	olve sub-natio	onal governme
Coord	nation mechanis	m between all I	evels of gene	eral governme	ent
Coord	nation mechanis	m for some gei	neral governr	ment sub-sect	ors

9. Please provide information on the degree of involvement of the National Parliament in the preparation of the stability / convergence programme:
☐ The SCP is not sent to Parliament before its publication.
☐ The SCP is sent to Parliament before its publication, but there is no formal presentation and no discussion.
☐ The SCP is sent and presented to Parliament by a Member of the government. There is a discussion, but not followed by a vote on the SCP.
☐ The SCP is formally sent, discussed and approved by Parliament, which has the possibility to amend it.
☐ The SCP is not formally sent or subject to the approval by Parliament, but is derived from a document including the main medium-term macroeconomic and budgetary projections that was previously approved by Parliament. Please describe the situation, and at what time in the year this document is adopted:
10. Does an independent fiscal institution ('Fiscal Council') intervene in one way or another in the preparation of the SCP?
□ No
☐ Yes, the fiscal institution:
☐ Prepares macro forecasts
☐ Prepares fiscal forecasts
Other (please specify)
Please provide the name of the fiscal institution involved in the preparation of the SCP:
11. How would you qualify the reaction of the press and the media when the SCP is publicly released? Specifically, please compare the media coverage to when the budget is presented:
☐ Important media coverage
☐ Some media coverage
Low media coverage

III. Follow-up to the Council discussion on the SCP

12.	Please specify whether the Council Opinion on the SCP is:
[Formally discussed within the government (e.g. in the Council of Ministers)
[Is not discussed within the government
13.	The Council Opinion on the SCP is:
[Not formally presented to Parliament
[i	The Council Opinion is presented to Parliament, but there is no discussion. Presentations done by:
	☐ Prime Minister
	☐ Finance Minister
	Other (please specify)
(The Council Opinion is formally presented to Parliament. Moreover, there is a discussion (e.g. intervention by the Finance Minister, followed by questions and answers).
[Other (please specify)

14. How would you qualify the follow-up given to the Council Opinion, especially if it includes policy invitations:
Concrete actions are generally immediately taken if there are policy invitations in the Council Opinion. Please provide examples:
Generally, there is no immediate concrete action. If this is the case, please specify the reasons for the absence of action following the invitation by the Council (e.g. impossibility of introducing corrective budgetary measures outside the 'normal' budgetary calendar)
☐ There is no immediate action, but the Council opinion is taken into account in the preparation of the budget for the following year
Other (please specify)
15. How would you qualify the reaction of the press and the media in your country when the Council issues its Opinion on the Programme? Specifically, please compare the media coverage to when the budget is presented:
☐ Important media coverage
☐ Some media coverage
☐ Low media coverage

IV. Monitoring of the implementation of the SCP

16. Apart from the information contained in the update of the SCP, does the government carry out any regular public assessment of the implementation of the previous updates of the SCP?
Yes. Please specify:
No, the implementation of the previous updates is only discussed in the SCP
17. Is the implementation of the previous update of the SCP discussed in Parliament?
Yes, in a formal session for this purpose
☐ Indirectly through other sessions
☐ No
18. Does an independent fiscal institution ('Fiscal Council') participate to the monitoring of the implementation of the SCPs?
□ No
☐ Informally/indirectly (please specify)
Yes. Please describe the institution involved and its role:

V. Connectedness Budget / SCP

19. Could you please briefly describe how the preparations of the annual budget and of the SCP are articulated?
Please indicate whether the SCP and the Budget are prepared by the same department of the Ministry of Finance
☐ Same department
☐ Different departments, please specify:
21. Please indicate whether the accounting and reporting rules used in the SCP and in the Budget are the same
Yes, they are the same
☐ Different rules apply, please specify:
Different rules apply, please specify.
22. Is the SCP (or a document including the main medium-term macroeconomic and
budgetary projections that will be the basis for the preparation of the SCP) annexed to the Budget?
☐ No, the SCP (or a preliminary version that includes the main figures) is not annexed to the
Budget.
Yes, the SCP (or a preliminary version that includes the main figures) is annexed to the
Budget. Please specify when this annex is prepared and made public.
22. Are the hudget torgets for years t and t.1 always identical in the hudget and in the
23. Are the budget targets for years t and t+1 always identical in the budget and in the SCP?
☐ Yes
☐ No, they are different because of:
☐ Different times of adoption
☐ Different accounting rules
Other reasons (please specify)

VI. Supplementary and corrective budgets
<u>Note:</u>
Corrective or supplementary budgets are understood to include all legal instruments that allow the government to change its initial fiscal plans during the course of the budgetary year (e.g. changes in the budget balance target or in the expenditure and revenue aggregates considered in the approved Budget Law). Laws or measures aimed at correcting possible slippages from initial plans can also be considered as supplementary budgets. Other laws having purposes different from those mentioned above are not covered (e.g. labour market reforms, health care reforms), even if they have budgetary implications. End-year 'cleaning' budget laws are not covered, unless they have a significant impact on fiscal variables.
24. Could you please specify the frequency of corrective budgets in your country (excluding the end-year cleaning budgets)?
☐ Very rare
Relatively rare (1 every 4-5 years)
☐ Frequent (1 every 2-3 years)
☐ Very frequent (almost every year)
25. If the corrective budgets are rare, could you please specify the main reasons for that? Notably, are there legal or other sorts of obstacles to the implementation of such budgets?
26. What are in general the motivations for implementing corrective Budgets? ☐ New government in office
Correction of identified slippages
☐ Change in economic forecasts
Other (please specify)

in the year? If yes, could you please provide details on the information included i revised forecasts and the moment in the year when they are made public?	•
28. Is there a link between such revisions and the implementation of supplementative budgets?	tary /
\square Yes, in case of major deviation identified, a supplementary budget is required to achieve targets of the budget	e the
☐ The identification of risks to budgetary execution can trigger the preparation of a correbudget (no obligation)	ective
Other (please specify) 29. Are there special rules / limitations for the preparation of supplementary / correbudgets (e.g. as regards Parliament approval)?	ective

End of questionnaire

Thank you very much for your time and expertise

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